

Dyson-Schwinger Approach to Structure of Thermal Quasi-Particle and Phase Transition

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Hard-Thermal-Loop Resummed Dyson-Schwinger Equations(Real Time Formalism)

$$-i\Sigma_R(P) = -\frac{e^2}{2} \int \frac{d^4 K}{(2\pi)^4} \times \left[\Gamma_{RAA}^\mu S_R(K) \Gamma_{RAA}^\nu G_{C,\mu\nu}(P-K) \right. \\ \left. + \Gamma_{RAA}^\mu S_C(K) \Gamma_{AAR}^\nu G_{R,\mu\nu}(P-K) \right]$$

$$G_R^{\mu\nu}(K) = \frac{1}{\Pi_T^R - K^2 - i\varepsilon k_0} A^{\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{\Pi_L^R - K^2 - i\varepsilon k_0} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{\xi}{K^2 + i\varepsilon k_0} D^{\mu\nu}$$

$$A^{\mu\nu} = g^{\mu\nu} - B^{\mu\nu} - D^{\mu\nu}, B^{\mu\nu} = -\frac{\tilde{K}^\mu \tilde{K}^\nu}{K^2}, D^{\mu\nu} = \frac{K^\mu K^\nu}{K^2}, \tilde{K} = (k, -k_0 \vec{k})$$

$$\Gamma^\mu = \gamma^\mu \quad \leftarrow \text{Ladder 近似}$$

$$\Sigma_R(P) = (1 - A(P)) p_i \gamma^i - B(P) \gamma_0 + C(P)$$

Gauge invariance (Ward Identity)

$T=0$ のとき Landau gauge($\xi=0$) で $Z_1 = Z_2$

$A(P)=1$ for the point vertex

T.Maskawa and H.Nakajima, PTP 52,1326(1974)

PTP 54,860(1975)

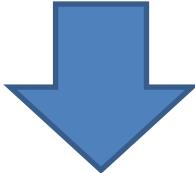
一方

$T \neq 0$ $A(P) \neq 1$



$A(P)=1$ を満たすような ξ を求める

Constant ξ ではできない



Gauge parameter をenergy-momentumに依存させ

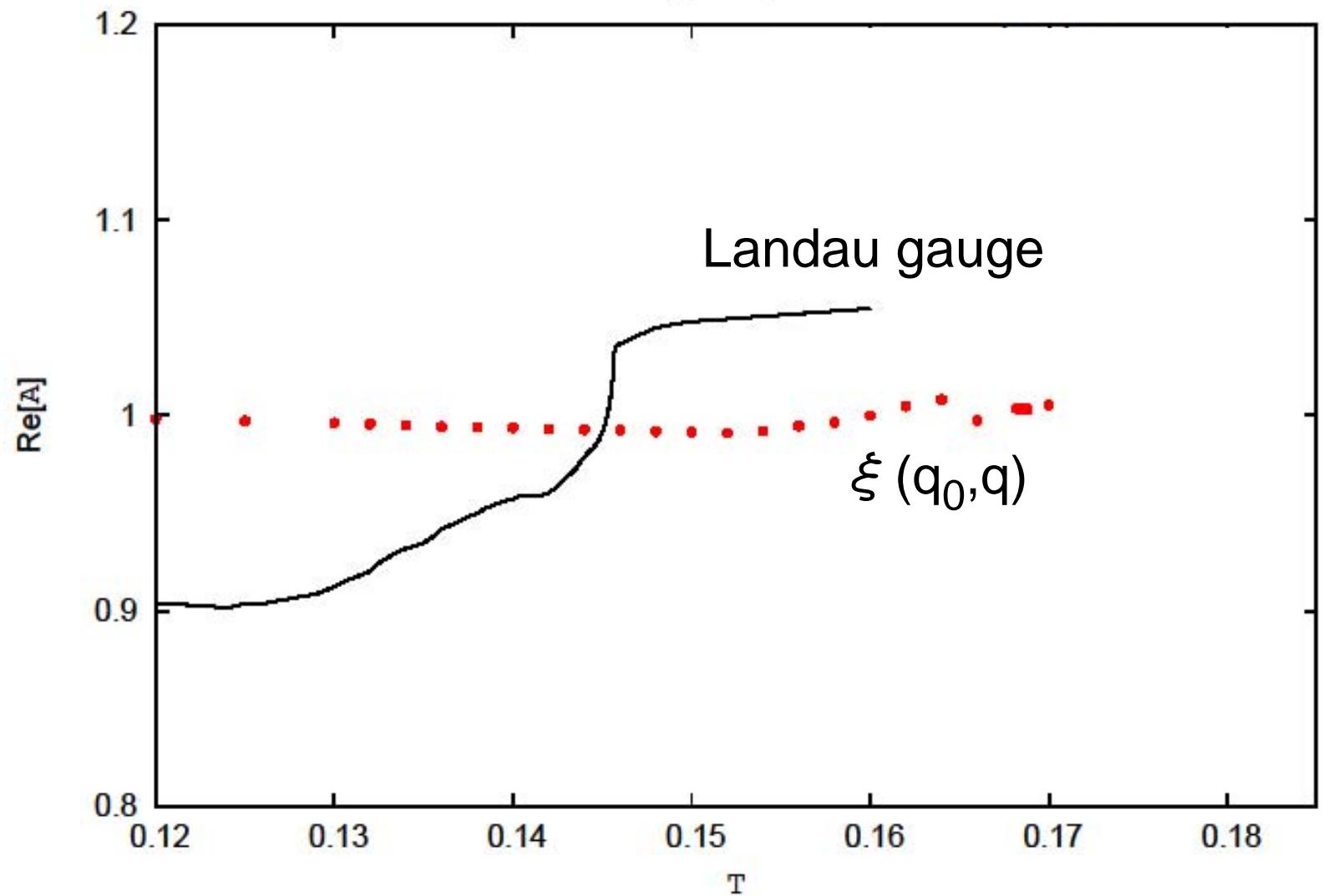
$$\xi \rightarrow \xi(q_0, q)$$

$$\xi(q_0, q) = \sum_{mn} C_{mn} F_m(q_0) G_n(q)$$

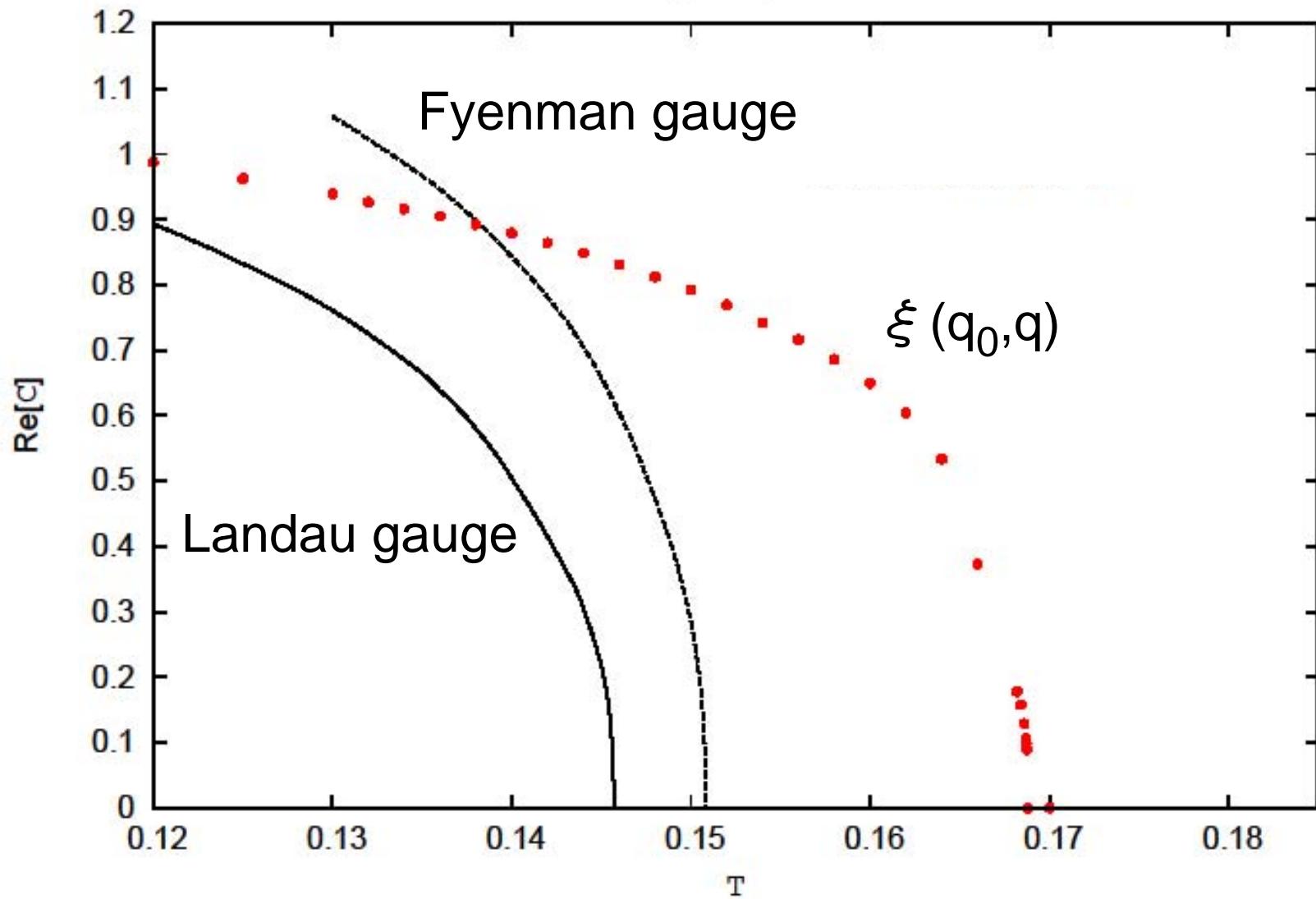
$$\delta A = \int d^4 P |A - 1|^2, \Rightarrow \frac{\partial \delta A}{\partial C_{mn}} = 0$$

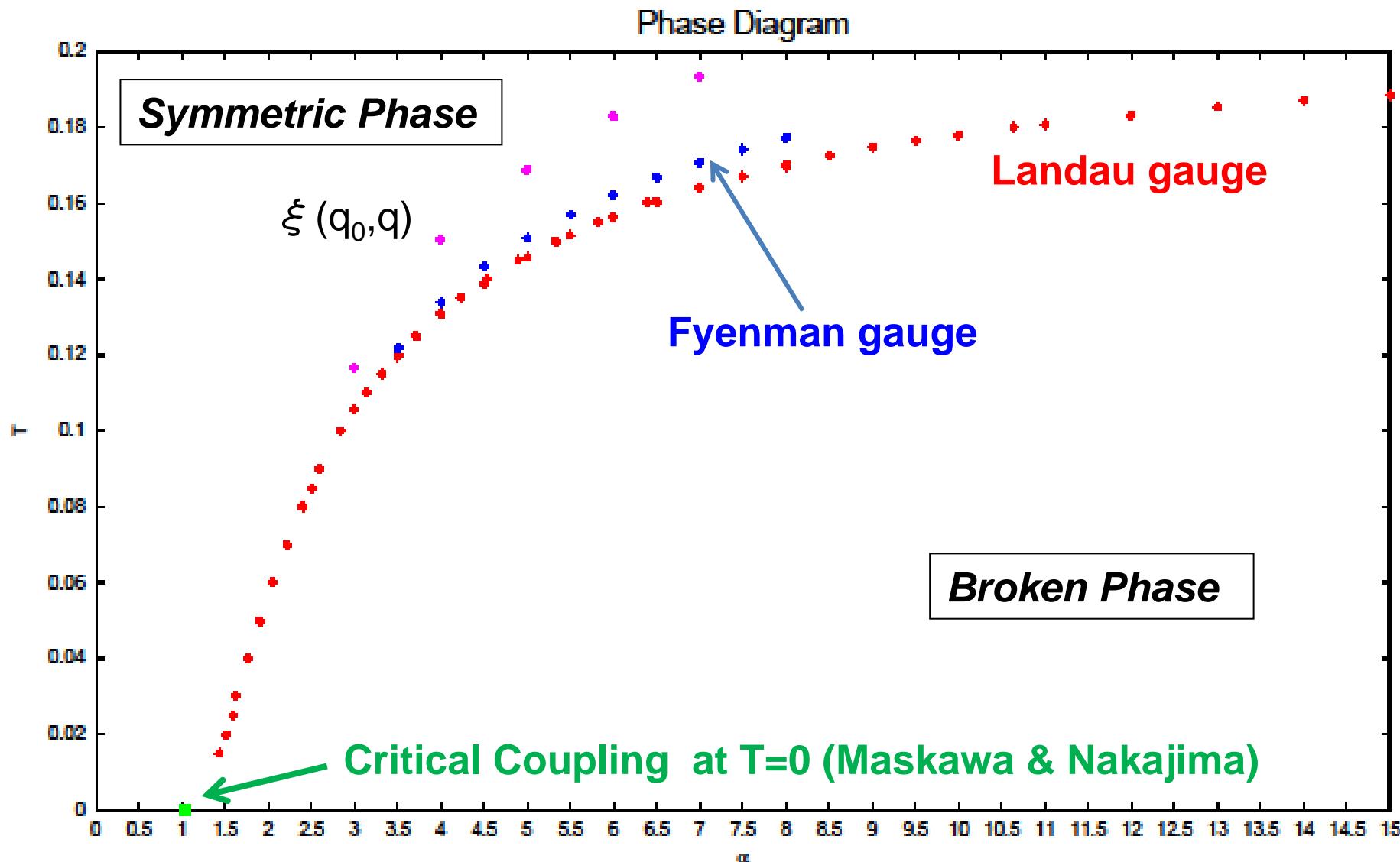
point: “on-shell”での重みを大きく

$\alpha=5.0, p=0.1, \text{'onshell'}$



$\alpha=5.0, p=0.1, \text{'onshell'}$





Thermal Quasi-Particleの振る舞い

Symmetric Phase (C=0)、Landau gauge

$$S_R = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{D_+} \left(\gamma^0 + \frac{p_i \gamma^i}{p} \right) + \frac{1}{D_-} \left(\gamma^0 - \frac{p_i \gamma^i}{p} \right) \right]$$

Spectral Function

$$\rho_{\pm}(p_0, p) = -\frac{1}{\pi} \text{Im} \frac{1}{D_{\pm}(p_0, p)} = -\frac{1}{\pi} \text{Im} \frac{1}{p_0 + B(p_0, p) \mp p A(p_0, p)}$$

Dispersion Relation

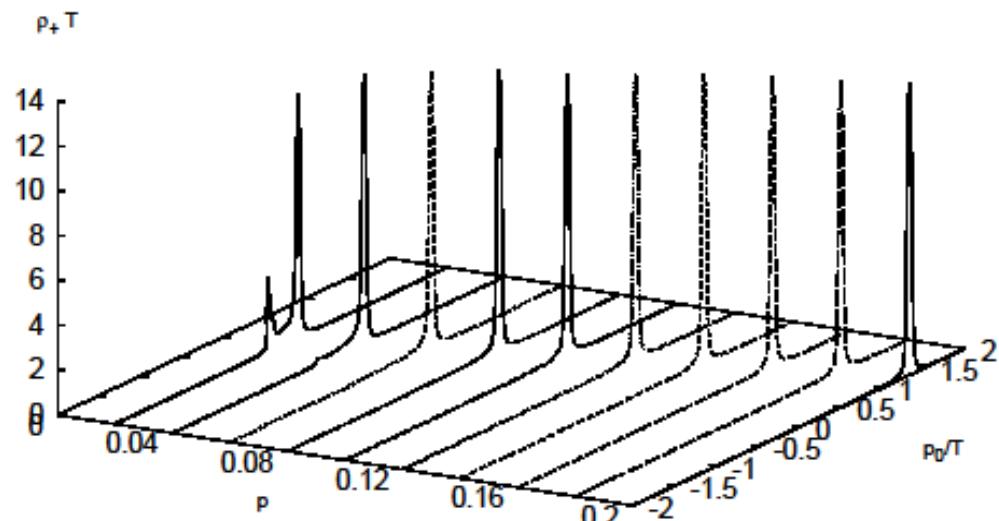
$$\text{Re}[D_+(p_0 = \omega, p)] = 0$$

Decay Constant

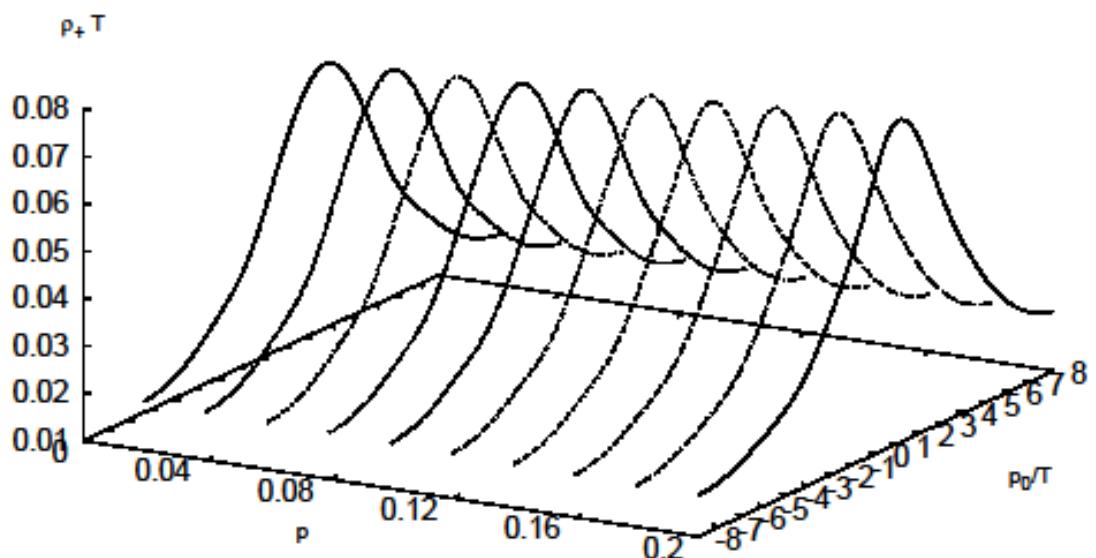
$$\gamma = \text{Im}[B(p_0 = \omega, p)]$$

$\alpha=0.01, T=0.150$

Spectral Function



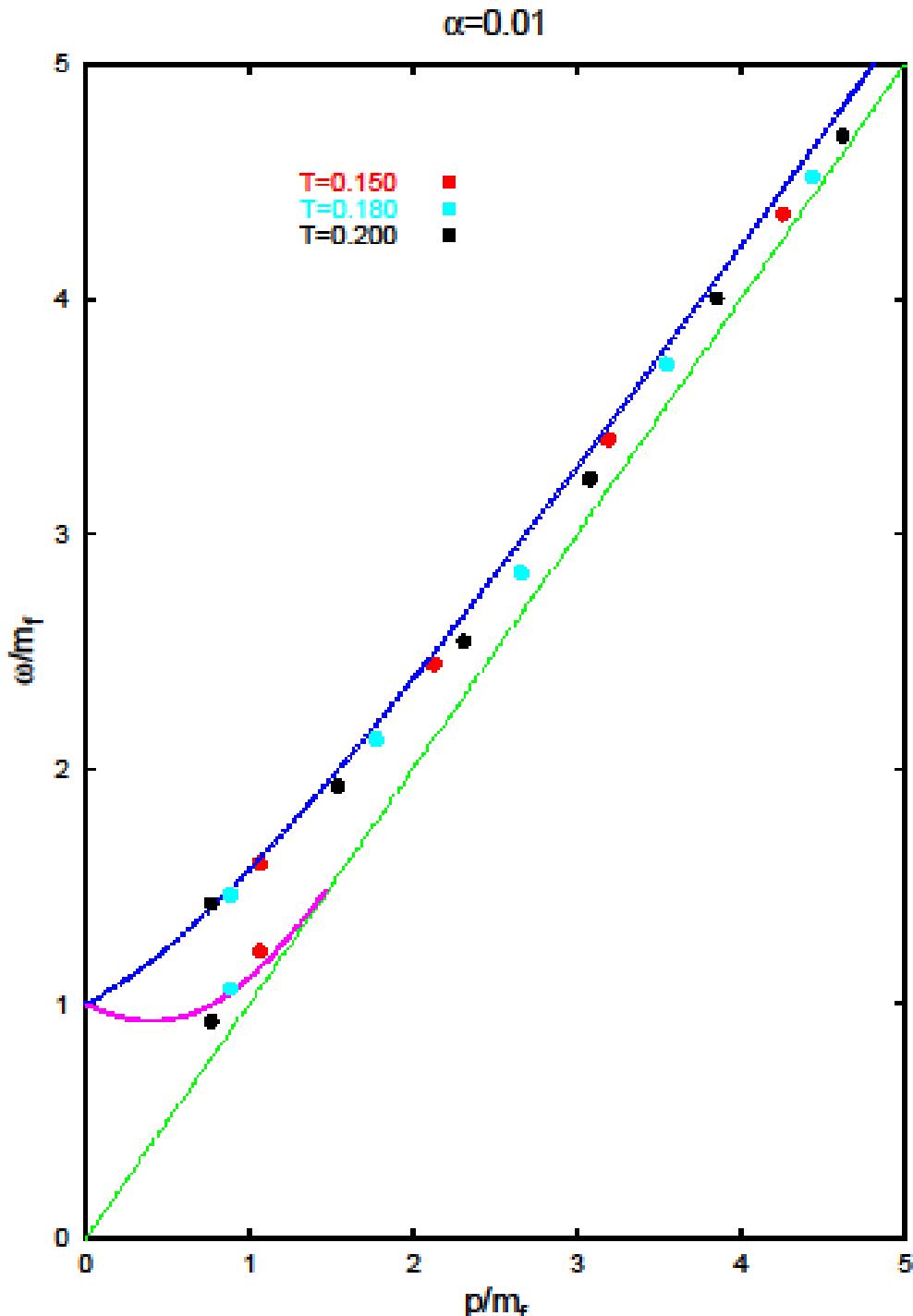
$\alpha=5.0, T=0.150$



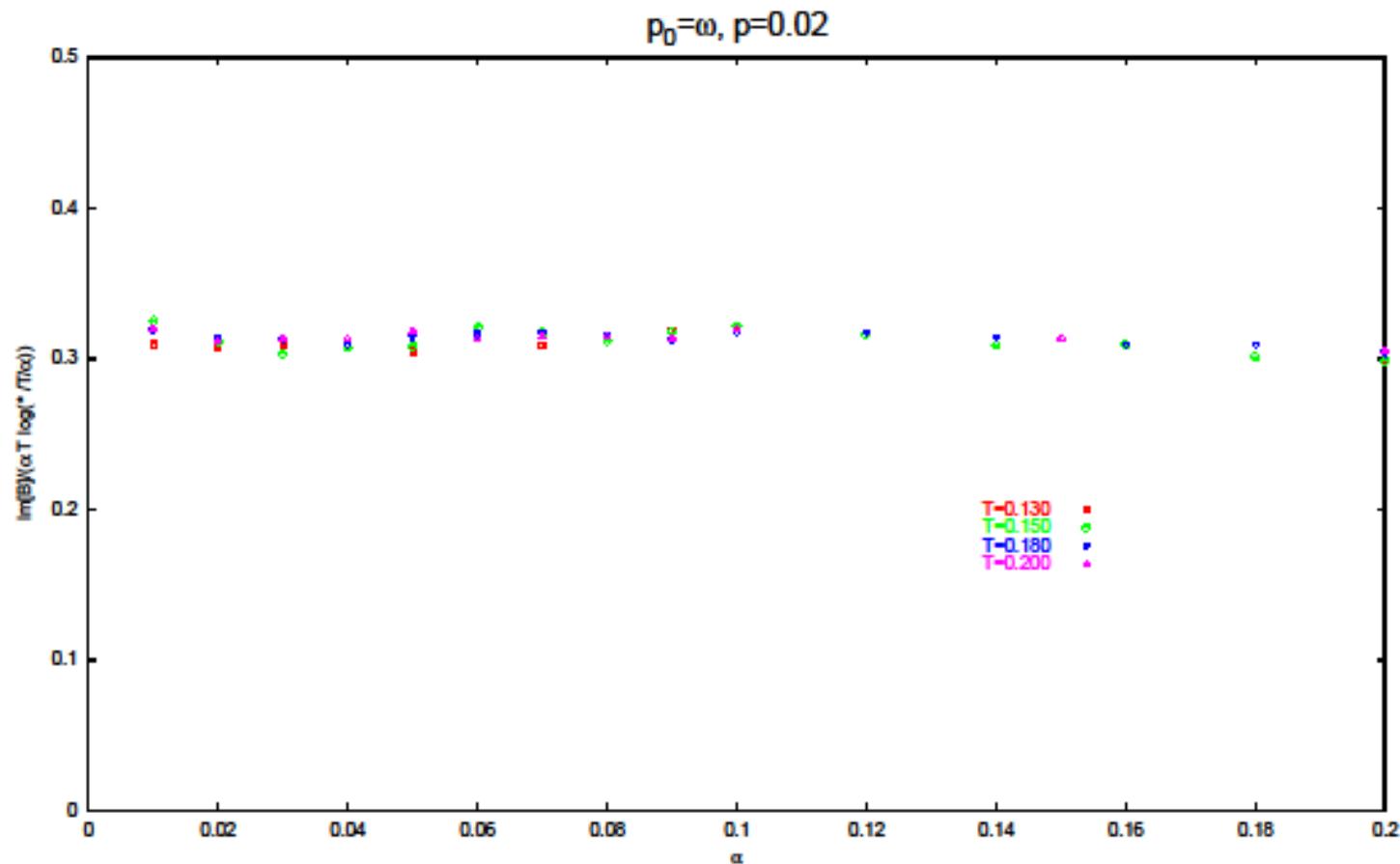
Dispersion relation

$$\text{Re} [D_+(p_0 = \omega, p)] = 0$$

small couplingのとき
HTLの振る舞いを再現
している



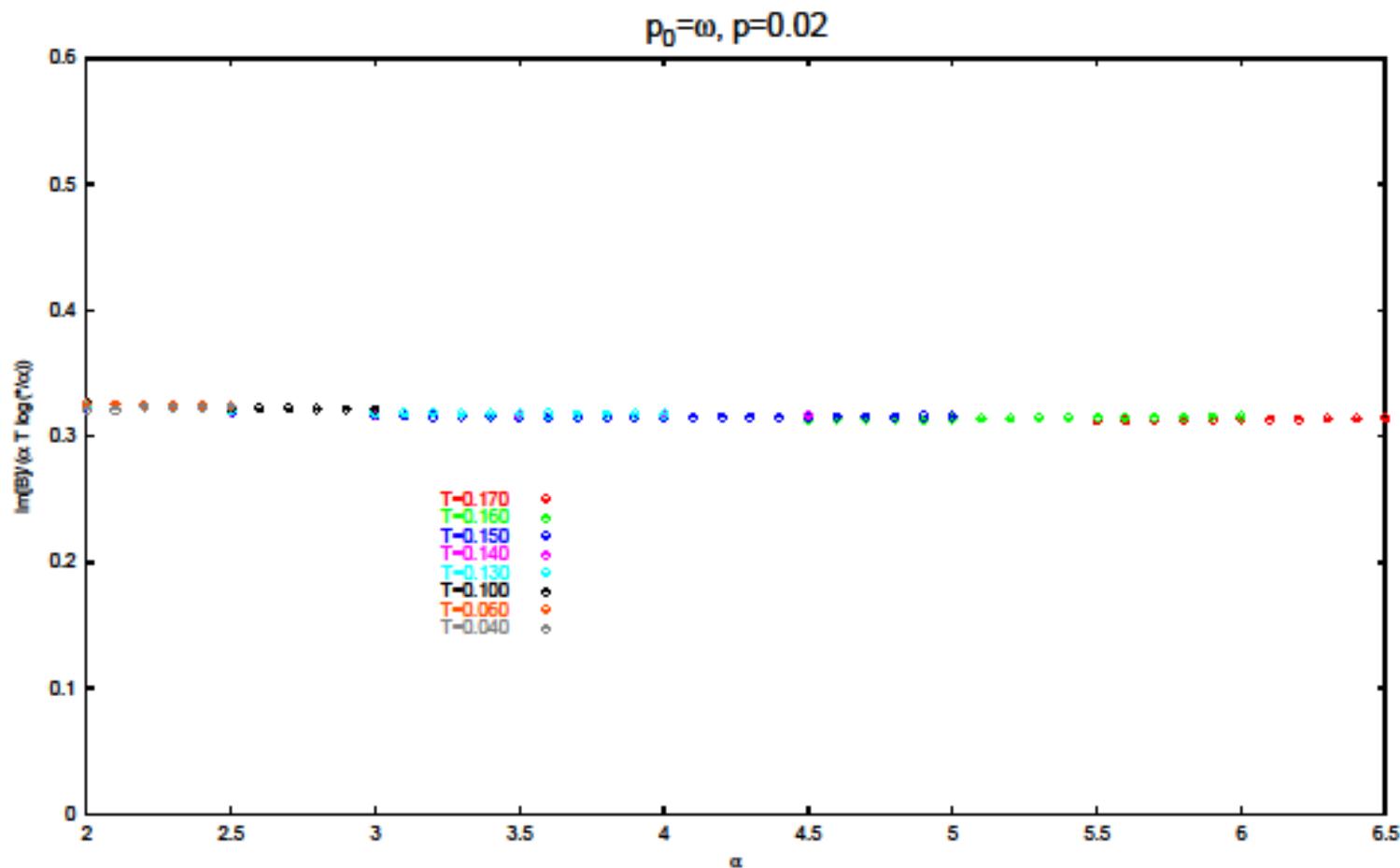
Small Coupling での Decay Constant



$$\gamma \sim \alpha T \log(1/\alpha T)$$

HTLでの振る舞いを再現

Large Coupling での Decay constant



$$\gamma \sim \alpha T \log(1/\alpha)$$

まとめ

- Gauge parameter ξ をエネルギー・運動量に依存させることにより、“on-shell”付近で $A \sim 1$ となる解を求めることがきた
- Quasi-particle の振る舞い(Symmetric phase)
 - small coupling では、HTL の振る舞いを再現
 - large coupling での振る舞いも得られた
間の振る舞い等は、現在、検討中

今後

- 詳細な相図の作成 & 臨界指数の確定
- 3番目のピークの詰め($p=0$ の計算) など
- Running Coupling (QCD) & $\mu \neq 0$ での解析(実行中)